

News from the FPPC

California Fair Political Practices Commission
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For Immediate Release: September 12, 2007

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FPPC Enforcement Decisions: September 12, 2007

The following are enforcement decisions approved by the Fair Political Practices Commission at its regular monthly meeting held in Sacramento on Wednesday, September 12, 2007. Decisions are divided by category and include a brief summary of each case and the total amount of any administrative fine or fines in each case.

Additional information on each of the enforcement cases below can be found in the September agenda on the FPPC website at www.fppc.ca.gov. FPPC agendas are distributed and posted on the agency website 10 days prior to each monthly meeting.

The web version of the agenda includes links to the stipulations agreed to by the commission and by the individuals and organizations subject to the fines, or the default decisions proposed to the commission. Exhibits in support of the stipulations and proposed default decisions are also available on the website. If you are unable to access the FPPC website, or need further assistance, please call the FPPC communications office at (916) 322-7761.

Campaign and Statement of Economic Interests Reporting Violation

William G. Horn, Friends of Bill Horn, and Ralph Jensen

William G. Horn made cash expenditures of \$100 or more directly from his personal funds for campaign-related matters, totaling \$1,500 and that money was not deposited into the campaign account; an \$851 expenditure was made that was not directly related to a political, legislative, or governmental purpose; and five campaign expenditures of \$100 or more totaling \$11,299 were not disclosed. Additionally, Horn failed to timely report sources of income to him on his 2004 and 2005 annual Statements of Economic Interests. **\$12,000** administrative penalty and **\$851** reimbursement to the state general fund for making campaign expenditures not related to a political legislative or governmental purpose.

Building Industries Association of Central California Political Action Committee and Stephen D. Madison

BIACC PAC and Stephen D. Madison failed to electronically file three semi-annual statements, failed to file a pre-election statement in both paper and electronic formats, and failed to electronically file four late contribution reports within 24 hours of making \$11,500 in late contributions. **\$5,725**

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Statements of Economic Interests

California law requires elected officials, certain board members and governmental employees, and consultants employed by governmental entities to fill out Statements of Economic Interests (SEIs or Form 700s). SEIs serve a dual purpose: they make a filer aware of personal economic interests relative to a governmental decision, and they are an important disclosure document for the public and media.

The following individuals failed to file their Statement of Economic Interests forms on time or omitted required information:

Geoffrey Butler, a member of the Marin County Strawberry Design Review Board, failed to timely file his 2005 annual statement of economic. **\$100**

Cindy Lashbrook, a Merced County Planning Commissioner, failed to timely file her assuming office statement of economic interests. **\$200**

Kim Manolius, a member of the Transbay Joint Powers Agency, failed to timely file his 2006 annual statement of economic interests. **\$200**

Major Donor

A major donor is a person or entity who makes contributions totaling \$10,000 or more in a calendar year and is required to file campaign reports detailing how much was contributed and to whom.

The following failed to file major donor reports as required by law:

Center for Food Safety, of Washington, DC, failed to timely file semi-annual campaign statements disclosing contributions totaling \$59,859.85 in 2004 and 2005. **\$800**

Patricia Keiko Sakamoto, of Laguna Beach, failed to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement disclosing contributions totaling \$14,000 in 2006. **\$800**

Laconic LLC, of Framingham, Mass., failed to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement disclosing contributions totaling \$10,000 in 2006. **\$400**

Aquarium of the Pacific, of Long Beach, failed to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement disclosing contributions totaling \$10,000 in 2006. **\$400**

D. Michael Van Konynenburg, of Pacific Palisades, failed to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement disclosing contributions totaling \$13,000 in 2006. **\$400**

Christian Larsen, of San Francisco, failed to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement disclosing contributions totaling \$22,300 in 2006. **\$400**

Paulette Delgado-Matich, of Yucaipa, failed to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement disclosing contributions totaling \$12,700 in 2006. **\$400**

Kellie Burum, of Upland, failed to timely file semi-annual campaign statements disclosing contributions totaling \$31,900 in 2006. **\$800**

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Late Contribution

When contributions of \$1,000 or more are made or received during the final days of an election—the time between the last campaign report required to be filed and the end of the election—late contribution reports must be filed within 24 hours of making the “late” contribution.

The following failed to file late contribution reports as required by the Political Reform Act:

Paulette Delgado-Matich, of Yucaipa, failed to timely disclose a \$22,300 late contribution. **\$3,345**

Center for Food Safety, of Washington, DC, failed to timely disclose a \$20,000 late contribution. **\$3,000**

The International Forum on Globalization, of San Francisco, failed to timely disclose \$17,036.75 in late contributions. **\$2,555.51**

Christian Larsen, of San Francisco, failed to timely disclose a \$17,300 late contribution. **\$2,595**

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